

## MISSION HEIGHTS JUNIOR COLLEGE

## **ANNUAL REPORT**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

**School Directory** 

**Ministry Number:** 

553

Principal:

Ian Morrison

School Address:

Jeffs Road, Flat Bush

School Postal Address:

P O Box 64448, Botany, Manukau, 2163

**School Phone:** 

09 277 7881

School Email:

finance@mhjc.school.nz

Accountant / Service Provider:

Education Services.

Dedicated to your school



# MISSION HEIGHTS JUNIOR COLLEGE

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2022

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## **Mission Heights Junior College**

## Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2022 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Anne Singh Sept 2022 - Dec 2022	A
Sept 2022 — Dec 2022 Full Name of Presiding Member	Full Name of Principal
allingh	
Signature of Presidir g Member	Signature of Principal
16 08 2023 Date:	Date:
John Bassano Jan Rozz Sept 2023	2
Signing of Deputy Pre	siding Member/Parent Representative



## Mission Heights Junior College Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	10,444,546	10,171,370	9,863,083
Locally Raised Funds	3	375,848	273,000	362,308
Interest Income		58,289	40,000	30,066
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		2,917	-	15.
	,	10,881,600	10,484,370	10,255,457
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	238,184	97,500	176,671
Learning Resources	4	7,191,801	6,132,375	6,788,432
Administration	5	350,456	291,538	295,205
Finance		5,303	3,446	6,342
Property	6	3,190,130	3,965,204	2,969,698
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	10	22,550	, <del></del>	27,118
	,	10,998,424	10,490,063	10,263,466
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		(116,824)	(5,693)	(8,009)
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		2	-	:-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year		(116,824)	(5,693)	(8,009)

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



## Mission Heights Junior College Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Equity at 1 January	-	4,812,676	5,145,234	5,144,673
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contributions from the Ministry of Education		(116,824)	(5,693)	(8,009)
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant BoT Contribution to capital works		(2,340)	-	24,767 (348,755)
Equity at 31 December	=	4,693,512	5,139,541	4,812,676
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		4,693,512	5,139,541	4,812,676
Equity at 31 December	_	4,693,512	5,139,541	4,812,676

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



# Mission Heights Junior College Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Assets		entrope and another than the second	10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	925,019	568,728	450,659
Accounts Receivable	8	523,153	425,443	498,935
GST Receivable		26,536	215,380	38,054
Prepayments		38,369	24,679	28,228
Investments	9	2,000,000	3,403,278	2,600,000
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	16	5,287	100	7,712
	.=	3,518,364	4,637,508	3,623,588
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	11	588,319	1,012,644	559,967
Borrowings	12	27,780	-	27,780
Revenue Received in Advance	13	47,916	64,891	11,094
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	-	88,789	31,900
Finance Lease Liability	15	35,196	35,324	30,515
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	16	-	=	18,994
	\$ <del>-</del>	699,211	1,201,648	680,250
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		2,819,153	3,435,860	2,943,338
Non-current Assets	10	2,008,632	1,768,088	2,025,746
Property, Plant and Equipment	10	5/2/5/1 <b>4</b> /14/1/5/5/16/14/14/14/14/14/14/14/14/14/14/14/14/14/	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	W _ 45 600 - 400 600 U _ 800 000
	,	2,008,632	1,768,088	2,025,746
Non-current Liabilities		69,449		97,229
Borrowings - Due beyond one year	44	46,440	10,379	34,571
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14			
Finance Lease Liability	15	18,384	54,028	24,608
	Ş-	134,273	64,407	156,408
Net Assets	. <del>.</del>	4,693,512	5,139,541	4,812,676
Equity	*	4,693,512	5,139,541	4,812,676

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



## Mission Heights Junior College Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Note	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		1,998,976	1,788,707	1,852,432
Locally Raised Funds		383,249	273,000	329,997
International Students		36,522	<b>.=</b> 8	(9,160)
Goods and Services Tax (net)		11,518	1277	177,326
Payments to Employees		(1,238,716)	(699,000)	(874,065)
Payments to Suppliers		(1,123,326)	(783,981)	(1,193,192)
Interest Paid		(5,303)	(3,446)	(6,342)
Interest Received		53,278	40,000	38,557
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		116,198	615,280	315,553
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from Sale of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		3,783	ā	:=:
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(228,318)	(79,200)	(707, 352)
Purchase of Investments		(800,000)	-	(4,800,000)
Proceeds from Sale of Investments		1,400,000	-	5,603,278
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		375,465	(79,200)	95,926
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		V=	=	24,767
Owners Contributions		(2,340)	Ħ	(348,755)
Finance Lease Payments		(26,174)	(31,915)	(24,879)
Loans Received		0 <b>−</b> 7	(27,780)	125,009
Repayment of Loans		27,780	=	-
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties		(16,569)	-	170,695
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities	70	(17,303)	(59,695)	(53,163)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	9	474,360	476,385	358,316
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	450,659	92,343	92,343
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	925,019	568,728	450,659

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



### Mission Heights Junior College Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### 1. Statement of Accounting Policies

#### a) Reporting Entity

Mission Heights Junior College (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

#### b) Basis of Preparation

#### Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

#### Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

#### Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

#### PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

#### Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

#### Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

#### Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

#### Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

#### Cyclical maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 14.



Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 10.

#### Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

#### Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 15. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 21b.

#### Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

#### c) Revenue Recognition

#### Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives.

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

#### Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

#### Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.



#### Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

#### d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

#### e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

#### f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

#### g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

#### h) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

#### i) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

#### i) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

#### Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.



#### Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building Improvements 40 years
Furniture and Equipment 5-40 years
Information and Communication Technology 3-10 years
Motor Vehicles 5 years
Library Resources 8 years
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease Term of Lease

#### k) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance and research expenditure are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

#### I) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

#### Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell the school engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information. The valuation is based on a comparison to recent market transactions.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

#### m) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.



#### n) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

#### Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

#### o) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

#### p) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

#### q) Funds held for Capital works

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose as such these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

#### r) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. In instances where the school is determined to be the principal for providing the service related to the Shared Funds (such as the RTLB programme), all income and expenditure related to the provision of the service is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

#### s) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The schools carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period, the economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.



#### Dedicated to your school

#### t) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

#### u) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

#### v) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

#### w) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

#### x) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



2. Government Gra	nts
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2. Government Grants	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	2,066,141	1,788,707	1,884,279
Teachers' Salaries Grants	5,655,351	4,849,904	5,425,181
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	2,719,967	3,532,759	2,542,439
Other Government Grants	3,087		11,184
	10,444,546	10,171,370	9,863,083

The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$136,200.

#### 3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue Donations & Bequests Fees for Extra Curricular Activities Trading Fundraising & Community Grants International Students	\$ 40,360 317,905 - 17,583 - 375,848	\$ 85,000 188,000 - - - - 273,000	\$ 60,666 261,207 48 864 39,523
Expenses Extra Curricular Activities Costs International Students - Student Recruitment International Students - Other Expenses	235,570 1,826 788 238,184	95,500 - 2,000 97,500	167,731 5,087 3,853
Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	137,664	175,500	185,637

During the year the School hosted no international students (2021:4)

4.	Learr	ina	Resources
4.	Lear	mig	nesources

4. Learning Resources	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	304,824	338,500	363,896
Equipment Repairs	35,890	54,419	34,328
Library Resources	2,117	4,000	3,138
Employee Benefits - Salaries	6,554,933	5,469,904	6,106,983
Staff Development	27,648	30,500	26,220
Depreciation	266,389	235,052	253,867
	7,191,801	6,132,375	6,788,432



#### 5. Administration

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fee	6,901	7,000	7,574
Board Fees	3,185	4,000	4,315
Board Expenses	7,616	6,000	8,576
Communication	15,425	22,320	19,555
Consumables	7,202	8,000	9,055
Operating Lease	6,619	6,500	6,648
Other	72,545	73,038	64,451
Employee Benefits - Salaries	195,807	140,000	143,563
Insurance	14,120	5,000	10,432
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	21,036	19,680	21,036
	350,456	291,538	295,205

#### 6. Property

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	114,562	105,000	90,044
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	31,554	28,445	24,629
Grounds	58,123	54,000	52,474
Heat, Light and Water	90,728	90,000	98,645
Repairs and Maintenance	104,267	69,000	86,666
Use of Land and Buildings	2,719,967	3,532,759	2,542,439
Security	8,983	8,000	9,631
Employee Benefits - Salaries	61,946	78,000	55,416
Consultancy & Contract Services	2	<b>(#</b> )	9,754
	3,190,130	3,965,204	2,969,698

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.



7. Cash and Cash Equivalents	2022 Actual	2022 Budget (Unaudited)	2021 Actual
Bank Accounts	<b>\$</b> 925,019	<b>\$</b> 568,728	<b>\$</b> 450,659
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	925,019	568,728	450,659
8. Accounts Receivable	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	27,376	41,009	34,831
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	36,463	=	<u> </u>
Interest Receivable	14,683	18,163	9,672
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	444,631	366,271	454,432
	523,153	425,443	498,935
•	020,100		
Describeles from Evahongo Transactions	78,522	59,172	44,503
Receivables from Exchange Transactions Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	444,631	366,271	454,432
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	,	N=2	
	523,153	425,443	498,935
9. Investments			
The School's investment activities are classified as follows:	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Asset Short-term Bank Deposits	2,000,000	3,403,278	2,600,000
Total Investments	2,000,000	3,403,278	2,600,000



#### 10. Property, Plant and Equipment

2022	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
Buildings	34,970	45,569		-	(4,577)	75,962
Building Improvements	529,542	41,684	-	-	(22,138)	549,088
Furniture and Equipment	1,240,390	146,721	(28,677)	-	(149,513)	1,208,921
Information and Communication Technology	129,665	6,015	3 E S	-	(44,133)	91,547
Motor Vehicles	11,049	900	(867)	-	(2,761)	8,321
Textbooks	9,096	=11	\ <del></del>	-	(2,043)	7,053
Leased Assets	50,264	33,209	-	-	(35,918)	47,555
Library Resources	20,770	4,721	-	-	(5,306)	20,185
Balance at 31 December 2022	2,025,746	278,819	(29,544)	=	(266,389)	2,008,632

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$47,555 (2021: \$50,264) Restrictions

There are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2022	2022	2022	2021	2021	2021
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Buildings	88,103	(12,141)	75,962	42,534	(7,564)	34,970
Building Improvements	660,067	(110,979)	549,088	618,383	(88,841)	529,542
Furniture and Equipment	1,985,243	(776, 322)	1,208,921	1,921,263	(680,873)	1,240,390
Information and Communication Technology	530,544	(438,997)	91,547	524,528	(394,863)	129,665
Motor Vehicles	12,865	(4,544)	8,321	15,213	(4,164)	11,049
Textbooks	16,346	(9,293)	7,053	16,346	(7,250)	9,096
Leased Assets	129,676	(82,121)	47,555	118,384	(68,120)	50,264
Library Resources	129,861	(109,676)	20,185	125,140	(104,370)	20,770
Balance at 31 December	3,552,705	(1,544,073)	2,008,632	3,381,791	(1,356,045)	2.025.746

#### 11. Accounts Payable

11. Accounts Payable	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	110,939	601,570	70,625
Accruals	6,901	11,484	6,700
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	444,631	366,271	454,432
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	25,848	33,319	28,210
	588,319	1,012,644	559,967
Payables for Exchange Transactions	588,319	1,012,644	559,967
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	=	9	₩
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	-	2	-
	588,319	1,012,644	559,967
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.	<i>y</i>		



12. Borrowings	2022 Actual	2022 Budget (Unaudited)	2021 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Latina din bernara	<b>2</b> 7,780	Ψ -	27,780
Loans due in one year	69,449	_	97,229
Loans due after one year	03,443		01,220
	97,229	*	125,009
	8		
13. Revenue Received in Advance	2022	2022	2021
	Astrol	Budget	Actual
	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Franks Franks Advance	<b>3</b> 6,522	<b>\$</b> 48,683	Ψ -
Foreign Fees in Advance Other Revenue In Advance	11,394	16,208	11,094
Other Revenue III Advance	11,004	10,200	11,001
	47,916	64,891	11,094
14. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance			2004
	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	66,471	70,723	114,733
Increase to the Provision During the Year	20,039	28,445	26,229
Use of the Provision During the Year	(51,585)	-	(72,891)
Other Adjustments	11,515	(=)	(1,600)
Provision at the End of the Year	46,440	99,168	66,471
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	-	88,789	31,900
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	46,440	10,379	34,571
	46,440	99,168	66,471

Per the cyclical maintenance schedule the school is next expected to undertake painting works during 2025. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan / painting quotes.

#### 15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	38,336	35,324	33,961
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	19,643	54,028	25,673
Future Finance Charges	(4,399)	-	(4,511)
·	53,580	89,352	55,123
Represented by Finance lease liability - Current Finance lease liability - Non current	35,196 18,384 53,580	35,324 54,028 89,352	30,515 24,608 55,123



#### 16. Funds Held (Owed) for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works projects is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 7.

	2022	Project No.	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions	Closing Balances \$
Shade Sail & Turf		217712	-	-	_	-	-
Remedial Work to Gym Guttering		217708	(2,292)	3. <del>4</del> 5	(2,995)	7 <u>=</u> 1	(5,287)
Replace Carpet & Vinyl		217707	1,450	-	(1,450)	-	
SIP Project		224155	17,544	-	(15,204)	2,340	-
AMS Project		217709	(5,420)	5,420	-	-	141
AMS Replace Toilet		235490		122,711	(122,711)	-	
Totals		•	11,282	128,131	(142,360)	2,340	(5,287)

#### Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

(5,287)

2021	Project No.	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions	Closing Balances \$
Shade Sail & Turf	217712	(662,257)	634,700	(321,198)	348,755	-
Replace all hardware to aluminium doors	217706	(340)	1,115	(775)		141
Remedial Work to Gym Guttering	217708	(2,292)	10.4 (a.c. 100.400)	-	-	(2,292)
Gas Reticulation	217710	4,411	(4,411)	_	-	-
Heating and Ventilation	217703	(4,872)	4,872	-	-	-
Replace Carpet & Vinyl	217707	311	1,139	-	128	1,450
SIP Project	224155	73,126	40,000	(95,582)	( <del>=</del> ))	17,544
AMS Project	217709	(61,273)	85,406	(29,553)	-	(5,420)
Totals	% <u>-</u> %=	(653,186)	762,821	(447,108)	348,755	11,282

#### Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education	
Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education	

18,994 (7,712)

#### 17. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.



#### 18. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Associate Principal, Deputy Principals and Assistant Principals.

opac	2022 Actual \$	2021 Actual \$
Board Members Remuneration	3,185	4,315
Leadership Team Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	1,429,043 12.00	1,274,895 11.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	1,432,228	1,279,210

There are 7 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board had held 9 full meetings of the Board in the year. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding Member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings.

#### Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

The total value of fernandration paid of payable to the firms part of the firms of	2022	2021
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	180 - 190	170 - 180
Benefits and Other Emoluments	4 - 5	4 - 5
Termination Benefits	-	<u>~</u>

#### Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2022	2021	
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number	
100 - 110	11.00	7.00	
110 - 120	5.00	5.00	
120 - 130	1.00	<del>-</del>	
130 - 140	-	1.00	
	17.00	13.00	

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

#### 19. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2022 Actual	2021 Actual
Total	•	-
Number of People		-



#### 20. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2022 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2021: nil).

#### Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2022 a contingent liability for the school may exist.

#### 21. Commitments

#### (a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has entered into contract agreements for capital works as follows:

Contract for the Remedial Work to Gym Guttering as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$0 has been received of which \$5,287 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry.

(Capital commitments as at 31 December 2021:

Contract for the Remedial Work to Gym Guttering as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$0 has been received of which \$2,292 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

\$74,591 contract for the Replace Carpet & Vinyl as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$68,271 has been received of which \$66,821 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

\$417,538 contract for the SIP Project as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$400,000 has been received of which \$382,456 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

\$94,895 contract for the AMS Project as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$85,406 has been received of which \$90,826 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry.)

#### (b) Operating Commitments

There are no operating commitments as at 31 December 2022 (Operating commitments at 31 December 2021; nil).



#### 22. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	925,019 523,153	568,728 425,443	450,659 498,935
Investments - Term Deposits	2,000,000	3,403,278	2,600,000
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	3,448,172	4,397,449	3,549,594
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	588,319	1,012,644	559,967
Borrowings - Loans Finance Leases	97,229 53,580	89,352	125,009 55,123
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	739,128	1,101,996	740,099

#### 23. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

#### 24. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.



## **Mission Heights Junior College**

## **Members of the Board**

		How	Term
		Position	Expired/
Name	Position	Gained	Expires
Sian Grant	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep 2022
Anne Singh	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep 2025
lan Morrison	Principal	ex Officio	*
John Bassano	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2022
Jason Tuhaka	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2022
Inderjeet Bajwa	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2022
Paul Hale	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Rhys Attwood	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Tracey Frost	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Jenny Wang	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
lanny Pori	Parent Representative	Co-opted	Sep 2025
Douglas Choong	Staff Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Saketha Jandhyala	Student Representative	Elected	Sep 2023



#### Mission Heights Junior College

## **Kiwisport**

Kiwisport is a Government funding initiative to support students' participation in organised sport. In 2022, the school received total Kiwisport funding of \$17,399 (excluding GST). The funding was spent on sporting endeavours.

## Statement of Compliance with Employment Policy

For the year ended 31st December 2022 the Mission Heights Junior College Board:

- Has developed and implemented personnel policies, within policy and procedural frameworks to ensure the fair and proper treatment of employees in all aspects of their employment
- Has reviewed its compliance against both its personnel policy and procedures and can report that it meets all requirements and identified best practice.
- Is a good employer and complies with the conditions contained in the employment contracts of all staff employed by the Board.
- Ensures all employees and applicants for employment are treated according to their skills, qualifications and abilities, without bias or discrimination.
- Meets all Equal Employment Opportunities requirements.